

Package ‘googleLanguageR’

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Title Call Google's 'Natural Language', 'Cloud Translation', 'Cloud Speech', and 'Cloud Text-to-Speech' APIs

Version 0.3.1.1

Description Access Google Cloud machine learning APIs for text and speech tasks.
Use the Cloud Translation API for text detection and translation, the Natural Language API to analyze sentiment, entities, and syntax, the Cloud Speech API to transcribe audio to text, and the Cloud Text-to-Speech API to synthesize text into audio files.

URL <https://github.com/ropensci/googleLanguageR>

BugReports <https://github.com/ropensci/googleLanguageR/issues>

Depends R (>= 3.3)

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Encoding UTF-8

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googleLanguageR-package
googleLanguageR

Description

This package contains functions for analysing language through the Google Cloud Machine Learning APIs

Details

For examples and documentation see the vignettes and the website:

<https://github.com/ropensci/googleLanguageR>

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See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/products/machine-learning>

googleLanguageR: Interface to Google Cloud NLP, Translation, and Speech APIs

A package for interacting with Google Cloud's language APIs from R.

gl_auth

Authenticate with Google Language API services

Description

Authenticate with Google Language API services

Usage

```
gl_auth(json_file)
```

```
gl_auto_auth(...)
```

Arguments

json_file Character. Path to the JSON authentication file downloaded from your Google Cloud project.

... Additional arguments passed to gar_attach_auto_auth.

Details

This function authenticates with Google Cloud's language APIs. By default, it uses the JSON file specified in json_file. Alternatively, you can set the file path in the environment variable GL_AUTH to auto-authenticate when loading the package.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(googleLanguageR)
gl_auth("path/to/json_file.json")

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
library(googleLanguageR)
gl_auto_auth()
gl_auto_auth(environment_var = "GAR_AUTH_FILE")

## End(Not run)
```

gl_nlp

*Perform Natural Language Analysis***Description**

Analyse text for entities, sentiment, syntax and classification using the Google Natural Language API.

Usage

```
gl_nlp(
  string,
  nlp_type = c("annotateText", "analyzeEntities", "analyzeSentiment", "analyzeSyntax",
    "analyzeEntitySentiment", "classifyText"),
  type = c("PLAIN_TEXT", "HTML"),
  language = c("en", "zh", "zh-Hant", "fr", "de", "it", "ja", "ko", "pt", "es"),
  encodingType = c("UTF8", "UTF16", "UTF32", "NONE")
)
```

Arguments

string	Character vector. Text to analyse or Google Cloud Storage URI(s) in the form gs://bucket_name/object_name.
nlp_type	Character. Type of analysis to perform. Default annotateText performs all features in a single call. Options include: analyzeEntities, analyzeSentiment, analyzeSyntax, analyzeEntitySentiment, classifyText.
type	Character. Whether the input is plain text (PLAIN_TEXT) or HTML (HTML).
language	Character. Language of the source text. Must be supported by the API.
encodingType	Character. Text encoding used to process the output. Default UTF8.

Details

Encoding type can usually be left at the default UTF8. [Further details on encoding types.](#)

Current language support is listed [here](#).

Value

A list containing the requested components as specified by nlp_type:

sentences	Sentences in the input document. API reference.
tokens	Tokens with syntactic information. API reference.
entities	Entities with semantic information. API reference.
documentSentiment	Overall sentiment of the document. API reference.
classifyText	Document classification. API reference.
language	Detected language of the text, or the language specified in the request.
text	Original text passed to the API. Returns NA if input is empty.

See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/natural-language/docs/reference/rest/v1/documents>

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(googleLanguageR)

text <- "To administer medicine to animals is frequently difficult, yet sometimes necessary."
nlp <- gl_nlp(text)

nlp$sentences
nlp$tokens
nlp$entities
nlp$documentSentiment

# Vectorised input
texts <- c("The cat sat on the mat.", "Oh no, it did not, you fool!")
nlp_results <- gl_nlp(texts)

## End(Not run)
```

gl_speech

Call Google Speech API

Description

Turn audio into text

Usage

```
gl_speech(
  audio_source,
  encoding = c("LINEAR16", "FLAC", "MULAW", "AMR", "AMR_WB", "OGG_OPUS",
    "SPEEX_WITH_HEADER_BYTE"),
  sampleRateHertz = NULL,
  languageCode = "en-US",
  maxAlternatives = 1L,
  profanityFilter = FALSE,
  speechContexts = NULL,
  asynch = FALSE,
  customConfig = NULL
)
```

Arguments

audio_source	File location of audio data, or Google Cloud Storage URI
encoding	Encoding of audio data sent
sampleRateHertz	Sample rate in Hertz of audio data. Valid values 8000-48000. Optimal and default if left NULL is 16000
languageCode	Language of the supplied audio as a BCP-47 language tag
maxAlternatives	Maximum number of recognition hypotheses to be returned. 0-30
profanityFilter	If TRUE will attempt to filter out profanities
speechContexts	An optional character vector of context to assist the speech recognition
asynch	If your audio_source is greater than 60 seconds, set this to TRUE to return an asynchronous call
customConfig	[optional] A RecognitionConfig object that will be converted from a list to JSON via toJSON - see RecognitionConfig documentation . The languageCode will be taken from this functions arguments if not present since it is required.

Details

Google Cloud Speech API enables developers to convert audio to text by applying powerful neural network models in an easy to use API. The API recognizes over 80 languages and variants, to support your global user base. You can transcribe the text of users dictating to an application's microphone, enable command-and-control through voice, or transcribe audio files, among many other use cases. Recognize audio uploaded in the request, and integrate with your audio storage on Google Cloud Storage, by using the same technology Google uses to power its own products.

Value

A list of two tibbles: \$transcript, a tibble of the transcript with a confidence; \$timings, a tibble that contains startTime, endTime per word. If maxAlternatives is greater than 1, then the transcript will return near-duplicate rows with other interpretations of the text. If asynch is TRUE, then an operation you will need to pass to [gl_speech_op](#) to get the finished result.

AudioEncoding

Audio encoding of the data sent in the audio message. All encodings support only 1 channel (mono) audio. Only FLAC and WAV include a header that describes the bytes of audio that follow the header. The other encodings are raw audio bytes with no header. For best results, the audio source should be captured and transmitted using a lossless encoding (FLAC or LINEAR16). Recognition accuracy may be reduced if lossy codecs, which include the other codecs listed in this section, are used to capture or transmit the audio, particularly if background noise is present.

Read more on audio encodings here <https://cloud.google.com/speech-to-text/docs/encoding>

WordInfo

startTime - Time offset relative to the beginning of the audio, and corresponding to the start of the spoken word.

endTime - Time offset relative to the beginning of the audio, and corresponding to the end of the spoken word.

word - The word corresponding to this set of information.

See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/speech/reference/rest/v1/speech/recognize>

Examples

```
## Not run:

test_audio <- system.file("woman1_wb.wav", package = "googleLanguageR")
result <- gl_speech(test_audio)

result$transcript
result$timings

result2 <- gl_speech(test_audio, maxAlternatives = 2L)
result2$transcript

result_brit <- gl_speech(test_audio, languageCode = "en-GB")

## make an asynchronous API request (mandatory for sound files over 60 seconds)
asynch <- gl_speech(test_audio, asynch = TRUE)

## Send to gl_speech_op() for status or finished result
gl_speech_op(asynch)

## Upload to GCS bucket for long files > 60 seconds
test_gcs <- "gs://mark-edmondson-public-files/googleLanguageR/a-dream-mono.wav"
gcs <- gl_speech(test_gcs, sampleRateHertz = 44100L, asynch = TRUE)
gl_speech_op(gcs)

## Use a custom configuration
my_config <- list(encoding = "LINEAR16",
                  diarizationConfig = list(
                    enableSpeakerDiarization = TRUE,
                    minSpeakerCount = 2,
                    maxSpeakCount = 3
                  ))

# languageCode is required, so will be added if not in your custom config
gl_speech(my_audio, languageCode = "en-US", customConfig = my_config)

## End(Not run)
```

`gl_speech_op`*Get a speech operation*

Description

For asynchronous calls of audio over 60 seconds, this returns the finished job

Usage

```
gl_speech_op(operation = .Last.value)
```

Arguments

`operation` A speech operation object from [gl_speech](#) when `asynch = TRUE`

Value

If the operation is still running, another operation object. If done, the result as per [gl_speech](#)

See Also

[gl_speech](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:

test_audio <- system.file("woman1_wb.wav", package = "googleLanguageR")

## make an asynchronous API request (mandatory for sound files over 60 seconds)
asynch <- gl_speech(test_audio, asynch = TRUE)

## Send to gl_speech_op() for status or finished result
gl_speech_op(asynch)

## End(Not run)
```

gl_talk	<i>Perform text to speech</i>
---------	-------------------------------

Description

Synthesizes speech synchronously: receive results after all text input has been processed.

Usage

```
gl_talk(
    input,
    output = "output.wav",
    languageCode = "en",
    gender = c("SSML_VOICE_GENDER_UNSPECIFIED", "MALE", "FEMALE", "NEUTRAL"),
    name = NULL,
    audioEncoding = c("LINEAR16", "MP3", "OGG_OPUS"),
    speakingRate = 1,
    pitch = 0,
    volumeGainDb = 0,
    sampleRateHertz = NULL,
    inputType = c("text", "ssml"),
    effectsProfileIds = NULL,
    forceLanguageCode = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

input	The text to turn into speech
output	Where to save the speech audio file
languageCode	The language of the voice as a BCP-47 language code
gender	The gender of the voice, if available
name	Name of the voice, see list via gl_talk_languages for supported voices. Set to NULL to make the service choose a voice based on languageCode and gender.
audioEncoding	Format of the requested audio stream
speakingRate	Speaking rate/speed between 0.25 and 4.0
pitch	Speaking pitch between -20.0 and 20.0 in semitones.
volumeGainDb	Volumne gain in dB
sampleRateHertz	Sample rate for returned audio
inputType	Choose between text (the default) or SSML markup. The input text must be SSML markup if you choose ssml
effectsProfileIds	Optional. An identifier which selects 'audio effects' profiles that are applied on (post synthesized) text to speech. Effects are applied on top of each other in the order they are given

forceLanguageCode

If name is provided, this will ensure that the passed languageCode is used instead of being inferred from name. This is necessary for models that require the exact code (en-us, en-gb, ...), not just the two letters shorthand (en, es, ...)

Details

Requires the Cloud Text-To-Speech API to be activated for your Google Cloud project.

Supported voices are here <https://cloud.google.com/text-to-speech/docs/voices> and can be imported into R via [gl_talk_languages](#)

To play the audio in code via a browser see [gl_talk_player](#)

To use Speech Synthesis Markup Language (SSML) select inputType=ssml - more details on using this to insert pauses, sounds and breaks in your audio can be found here: <https://cloud.google.com/text-to-speech/docs/ssml>

To use audio profiles, supply a character vector of the available audio profiles listed here: <https://cloud.google.com/text-to-speech/docs/audio-profiles> - the audio profiles are applied in the order given. For instance effectsProfileIds="wearable-class-device" will optimise output for smart watches, effectsProfileIds=c("wearable-class-device", "telephony-class-application") will apply sound filters optimised for smart watches, then telephonic devices.

Value

The file output name you supplied as output

See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/text-to-speech/docs/>

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(magrittr)
gl_talk("The rain in spain falls mainly in the plain",
        output = "output.wav")

gl_talk("Testing my new audio player") %>% gl_talk_player()

# using SSML
gl_talk('<say-as interpret-as="characters">SSML</say-as>
standard <break time="1s"/>is defined by the
<sub alias="World Wide Web Consortium">W3C</sub>.</speak>',
inputType = "ssml")

# using effects profiles
gl_talk("This sounds great on headphones",
        effectsProfileIds = "headphone-class-device")

## End(Not run)
```

gl_talk_languages	<i>Get a list of voices available for text to speech</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Returns a list of voices supported for synthesis.

Usage

```
gl_talk_languages(languageCode = NULL)
```

Arguments

languageCode	A BCP-47 language tag. If specified, will only return voices that can be used to synthesize this languageCode
--------------	---

gl_talk_player	<i>Play audio in a browser</i>
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Description

This uses HTML5 audio tags to play audio in your browser

Usage

```
gl_talk_player(audio = "output.wav", html = "player.html")
```

Arguments

audio	The file location of the audio file. Must be supported by HTML5
html	The html file location that will be created host the audio

Details

A platform neutral way to play audio is not easy, so this uses your browser to play it instead.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
gl_talk("Testing my new audio player") %>% gl_talk_player()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

gl_talk_shiny

*Speak in Shiny module (server)***Description**

Call via `shiny::callModule(gl_talk_shiny, "your_id")`

Usage

```
gl_talk_shiny(
  input,
  output,
  session,
  transcript,
  ...,
  autoplay = TRUE,
  controls = TRUE,
  loop = FALSE,
  keep_wav = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

input	shiny input
output	shiny output
session	shiny session
transcript	The (reactive) text to talk
...	Arguments passed on to gl_talk
languageCode	The language of the voice as a BCP-47 language code
name	Name of the voice, see list via gl_talk_languages for supported voices. Set to NULL to make the service choose a voice based on languageCode and gender.
gender	The gender of the voice, if available
audioEncoding	Format of the requested audio stream
speakingRate	Speaking rate/speed between 0.25 and 4.0
pitch	Speaking pitch between -20.0 and 20.0 in semitones.
volumeGainDb	Volumne gain in dB
sampleRateHertz	Sample rate for returned audio
inputType	Choose between text (the default) or SSML markup. The input text must be SSML markup if you choose ssml
effectsProfileIds	Optional. An identifier which selects 'audio effects' profiles that are applied on (post synthesized) text to speech. Effects are applied on top of each other in the order they are given

	forceLanguageCode	If name is provided, this will ensure that the passed languageCode is used instead of being inferred from name. This is necessary for models that require the exact code (en-us, en-gb, ...), not just the two letters shorthand (en, es, ...)
autoplay		passed to the HTML audio player - default TRUE plays on load
controls		passed to the HTML audio player - default TRUE shows controls
loop		passed to the HTML audio player - default FALSE does not loop
keep_wav		keep the generated wav files if TRUE.

gl_talk_shinyUI	<i>Speak in Shiny module (ui)</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Speak in Shiny module (ui)

Usage

```
gl_talk_shinyUI(id)
```

Arguments

id	The Shiny id
----	--------------

Details

Shiny Module for use with [gl_talk_shiny](#).

gl_translate	<i>Translate the language of text within a request</i>
--------------	--

Description

Translate character vectors via the Google Translate API.

Usage

```
gl_translate(
  t_string,
  target = "en",
  format = c("text", "html"),
  source = "",
  model = c("nmt", "base")
)
```

Arguments

t_string	Character vector of text to translate
target	The target language code
format	Whether the text is plain text or HTML
source	Specify the language to translate from. Will detect it if left default
model	Translation model to use

Details

You can translate a vector of strings; if too many for one call, it will be broken up into multiple API calls with smart batching. The API charges per character translated, so splitting does not change cost but may take longer.

If translating HTML, set format = "html". Consider removing anything not needed to be translated first, such as JavaScript or CSS.

API limits: characters per day, characters per 100 seconds, and API requests per 100 seconds. These can be configured in the API manager: <https://console.developers.google.com/apis/api/translate.googleapis.com/quotas>

Value

A tibble of translatedText, detectedSourceLanguage, and text of length equal to the vector of text you passed in

See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/translate/docs/reference/translate>

Other translations: [gl_translate_detect\(\)](#), [gl_translate_document\(\)](#), [gl_translate_languages\(\)](#)

gl_translate_detect *Detect the language of text within a request*

Description

Detect the language of text within a request

Usage

```
gl_translate_detect(string)
```

Arguments

string	Character vector of text to detect language for
--------	---

Details

Consider using `library(cld2)` and `cld2::detect_language` instead for offline detection, since that is free and does not require an API call.

`gl_translate` also returns a detection of the language, so you could optionally use that in one step.

Value

A tibble of the detected languages with columns `confidence`, `isReliable`, `language`, and `text`, of length equal to the vector of text you passed in.

See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/translate/docs/reference/detect>

Other translations: `gl_translate()`, `gl_translate_document()`, `gl_translate_languages()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
gl_translate_detect("katten sidder på måtten")

## End(Not run)
```

`gl_translate_document` *Translate a document via the Google Translate API*

Description

Translate a document via the Google Translate API

Usage

```
gl_translate_document(
  d_path,
  target = "es-ES",
  output_path = "out.pdf",
  format = c("pdf"),
  source = "en-UK",
  model = c("nmt", "base"),
  location = "global"
)
```

Arguments

d_path	Path to the document to be translated
target	Target language code (default "es-ES")
output_path	Path where to save the translated document (default "out.pdf")
format	Document format. Currently, only "pdf" is supported
source	Source language code (default "en-UK")
model	Translation model to use ("nmt" or "base")
location	Location for translation API (default "global")

Value

The full path of the translated document

See Also

Other translations: [gl_translate\(\)](#), [gl_translate_detect\(\)](#), [gl_translate_languages\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
gl_translate_document(
  system.file(package = "googleLanguageR", "test-doc.pdf"),
  target = "no"
)

## End(Not run)
```

gl_translate_languages

Lists languages from Google Translate API

Description

Returns a list of supported languages for translation.

Usage

```
gl_translate_languages(target = "en")
```

Arguments

target	A language code for localized language names (default 'en')
--------	---

Details

Supported language codes generally consist of their ISO 639-1 identifiers (e.g., 'en', 'ja'). In certain cases, BCP-47 codes including language + region identifiers are returned (e.g., 'zh-TW', 'zh-CH').

Value

A tibble of supported languages

See Also

<https://cloud.google.com/translate/docs/reference/languages>

Other translations: [gl_translate\(\)](#), [gl_translate_detect\(\)](#), [gl_translate_document\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
gl_translate_languages()  
gl_translate_languages("da")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

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