## Package 'rdpower'

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Title Power Calculations for RD Designs

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Description The regression discontinuity (RD) design is a popular quasi-experimental design for causal inference and policy evaluation. The 'rdpower' package provides tools to perform power, sample size and MDE calculations in RD designs: rdpower() calculates the power of an RD design, rdsampsi() calculates the required sample size to achieve a desired power and rdmde() calculates minimum detectable effects. See Cattaneo, Titiunik and Vazquez-Bare (2019) <https://rdpackages.github.io/references/ Cattaneo-Titiunik-VazquezBare\_2019\_Stata.pdf> for further methodological details.

Imports rdrobust

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rdpower-package

## Description

The regression discontinuity (RD) design is a popular quasi-experimental design for causal inference and policy evaluation. The 'rdpower' package provides tools to perform power, sample size and MDE calculations in RD designs: rdpower() calculates the power of an RD design, rdsampsi() calculates the required sample size to achieve a desired power and rdmde() calculates minimum detectable effects. This package relies on the rdrobust package. See Calonico, Cattaneo and Titiunik (2014, 2015) and Calonico, Cattaneo, Farrell and Titiunik (2017). For more details, and related Stata and R packages useful for analysis of RD designs, visit https: //rdpackages.github.io/.

#### Author(s)

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#### References

Calonico, S., M. D. Cattaneo, M. Farrell and R. Titiunik. (2017).rdrobust: Software for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal* 17(2): 372-404.

Calonico, S., M. D. Cattaneo, and R. Titiunik. (2014). Robust Data-Driven Inference in the Regression-Discontinuity Design. *Stata Journal* 14(4): 909-946.

Calonico, S., M. D. Cattaneo, and R. Titiunik. (2015).rdrobust: An R Package for Robust Nonparametric Inference in Regression-Discontinuity Designs. *R Journal* 7(1): 38-51.

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

rdmde

MDE Calculations for RD Designs

#### Description

rdmde() performs MDE calculations for RD designs.

rdmde

## Usage

```
rdmde(
  data = NULL,
  cutoff = 0,
  alpha = 0.05,
 beta = 0.8,
  nsamples = NULL,
  sampsi = NULL,
  samph = NULL,
  all = FALSE,
 bias = NULL,
 variance = NULL,
  init.cond = NULL,
 covs = NULL,
  covs_drop = TRUE,
 deriv = 0,
 p = 1,
 q = NULL,
  h = NULL,
 b = NULL,
  rho = NULL,
  kernel = "triangular",
 bwselect = "mserd",
 vce = "nn",
  cluster = NULL,
  scalepar = 1,
  scaleregul = 1,
  fuzzy = NULL,
 level = 95,
 weights = NULL,
 masspoints = "adjust",
 bwcheck = NULL,
 bwrestrict = TRUE,
  stdvars = FALSE
```

## Arguments

)

| data     | a matrix $(Y,R)$ containing the outcome variable and the running variable (as column vectors).   |
|----------|--|
| cutoff   | the RD cutoff (default is 0).  |
| alpha    | specifies the significance level for the power function. Default is 0.05.  |
| beta     | specifies the desired power. Default is 0.8.   |
| nsamples | sets the total sample size to the left, sample size to the left inside the bandwidth, total sample size to the right and sample size to the right of the cutoff inside the bandwidth to calculate the variance when the running variable is not specified. When not specified, the values are calculated using the running variable. |

| sampsi     | sets the sample size at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first<br>number is the sample size to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the<br>sample size to the right. Default values are the sample sizes inside the chosen<br>bandwidth. |
|------------|---|
| samph      | sets the bandwidths at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first<br>number is the bandwidth to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the<br>bandwidth to the right. Default values are the bandwidths used by rdrobust.                      |
| all        | displays the power using the conventional variance estimator, in addition to the robust bias corrected one.   |
| bias       | set bias to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the biases are estimated using rdrobust.  |
| variance   | set variance to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the variances are estimated using rdrobust.   |
| init.cond  | sets the initial condition for the Newton-Raphson algorithm that finds the MDE. Default is 0.2 times the standard deviation of the outcome below the cutoff.  |
| covs       | option for rdrobust(): specifies additional covariates to be used for estimation and inference.   |
| covs_drop  | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, it checks for collinear additional covariates and drops them. Default is TRUE.  |
| deriv      | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the derivative of the regression functions to be estimated.   |
| р          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-<br>struct the point-estimator.  |
| q          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-<br>struct the bias-correction.  |
| h          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the main bandwidth to be used<br>on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.   |
| b          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the bias bandwidth \$b\$ to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.  |
| rho        | option for rdrobust(): specifies the value of rho so that the bias bandwidth b equals b=h/rho.  |
| kernel     | option for rdrobust(): kernel function used to construct the local-polynomial estimators.   |
| bwselect   | option for rdrobust(): specifies the bandwidth selection procedure to be used.  |
| vce        | option for rdrobust(): specifies the procedure used to compute the variance-<br>covariance matrix estimator.  |
| cluster    | option for rdrobust(): indicates the cluster ID variable used for the cluster-<br>robust variance estimation with degrees-of-freedom weights.   |
| scalepar   | option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for RD parameter of interest.   |
| scaleregul | option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for the regularization terms of bandwidth selectors.  |
| fuzzy      | option for rdrobust(): specifies the treatment status variable used to implement fuzzy RD estimation.   |

## rdmde

| level      | option for rdrobust(): sets the confidence level for confidence intervals.  |
|------------|---|
| weights    | option for rdrobust(): is the variable used for optional weighting of the esti-<br>mation procedure. The unit-specific weights multiply the kernel function.                              |
| masspoints | option for rdrobust(): checks and controls for repeated observations in tue running variable.   |
| bwcheck    | option for rdrobust(): if a positive integer is provided, the preliminary band-<br>width used in the calculations is enlarged so that at least bwcheck unique obser-<br>vations are used. |
| bwrestrict | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, computed bandwidths are restricted to lie withing the range of x. Default is bwrestrict=TRUE.   |
| stdvars    | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, x and y are standardized before computing the bandwidths. Default is stdvars=TRUE.  |

## Value

| mde      | MDE using robust bias corrected standard error                      |
|----------|---|
| se.rbc   | robust bias corrected standard error                                |
| sampsi.r | number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff |
| sampsi.l | number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff  |
| samph.r  | bandwidth to the right of the cutoff                                |
| samph.l  | bandwidth to the left of the cutoff                                 |
| alpha    | significance level used in power function                           |
| bias.r   | bias to the right of the cutoff                                     |
| bias.l   | bias to the left of the cutoff                                      |
| Vr.rb    | Robust bias corrected variance to the right of the cutoff           |
| Vl.rb    | Robust bias corrected variance to the left of the cutoff            |
| N.r      | Total sample size to the right of the cutoff                        |
| N.1      | Total sample size to the left of the cutoff                         |
| mde.conv | MDE using conventional inference                                    |
| se.conv  | conventional standard error   |
|          |   |

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## References

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

rdpower

## Examples

```
# Toy dataset
X <- array(rnorm(2000),dim=c(1000,2))
R <- X[,1] + X[,2] + rnorm(1000)
Y <- 1 + R -.5*R^2 + .3*R^3 + (R>=0) + rnorm(1000)
# MDE calculation
tmp <- rdmde(data=cbind(Y,R),init.cond=0.5)</pre>
```

rdpower

## Power Calculations for RD Designs

## Description

rdpower() performs power calculations for RD designs.

## Usage

```
rdpower(
  data = NULL,
  cutoff = 0,
  tau = NULL,
  alpha = 0.05,
  nsamples = NULL,
  sampsi = NULL,
  samph = NULL,
  all = FALSE,
 bias = NULL,
  variance = NULL,
 plot = FALSE,
  graph.range = NULL,
  covs = NULL,
  covs_drop = TRUE,
 deriv = 0,
 p = 1,
 q = NULL,
  h = NULL,
  b = NULL,
  rho = NULL,
  kernel = "triangular",
 bwselect = "mserd",
  vce = "nn",
  cluster = NULL,
  scalepar = 1,
  scaleregul = 1,
  fuzzy = NULL,
```

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## rdpower

```
level = 95,
weights = NULL,
masspoints = "adjust",
bwcheck = NULL,
bwrestrict = TRUE,
stdvars = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

| data        | a matrix (Y,R) containing the outcome variable and the running variable (as column vectors).   |
|-------------|--|
| cutoff      | the RD cutoff (default is 0).  |
| tau         | specifies the treatment effect under the alternative at which the power function<br>is evaluated. The default is half the standard deviation of the outcome for the<br>untreated group.  |
| alpha       | specifies the significance level for the power function. Default is 0.05.  |
| nsamples    | sets the total sample size to the left, sample size to the left inside the bandwidth, total sample size to the right and sample size to the right of the cutoff inside the bandwidth to calculate the variance when the running variable is not specified. When not specified, the values are calculated using the running variable. |
| sampsi      | sets the sample size at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first<br>number is the sample size to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the<br>sample size to the right. Default values are the sample sizes inside the chosen<br>bandwidth.  |
| samph       | sets the bandwidths at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first<br>number is the bandwidth to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the<br>bandwidth to the right. Default values are the bandwidths used by rdrobust.   |
| all         | displays the power using the conventional variance estimator, in addition to the robust bias corrected one.  |
| bias        | set bias to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the biases are estimated using rdrobust.   |
| variance    | set variance to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the variances are estimated using rdrobust.  |
| plot        | plots the power function using the conventional and robust bias corrected stan-<br>dard errors from rdrobust.  |
| graph.range | range of the plot.   |
| covs        | option for rdrobust(): specifies additional covariates to be used for estimation and inference.  |
| covs_drop   | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, it checks for collinear additional covariates and drops them. Default is TRUE.   |
| deriv       | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the derivative of the regression functions to be estimated.  |
| р           | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-<br>struct the point-estimator.   |

| q          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-<br>struct the bias-correction.  |
|------------|---|
| h          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the main bandwidth to be used<br>on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.   |
| b          | option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the bias bandwidth \$b\$ to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.  |
| rho        | option for rdrobust(): specifies the value of rho so that the bias bandwidth b equals b=h/rho.  |
| kernel     | option for rdrobust(): kernel function used to construct the local-polynomial estimators.   |
| bwselect   | option for rdrobust(): specifies the bandwidth selection procedure to be used.  |
| vce        | option for rdrobust(): specifies the procedure used to compute the variance-<br>covariance matrix estimator.  |
| cluster    | option for rdrobust(): indicates the cluster ID variable used for the cluster-<br>robust variance estimation with degrees-of-freedom weights.   |
| scalepar   | option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for RD parameter of interest.   |
| scaleregul | option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for the regularization terms of bandwidth selectors.  |
| fuzzy      | option for rdrobust(): specifies the treatment status variable used to implement fuzzy RD estimation.   |
| level      | option for rdrobust(): sets the confidence level for confidence intervals.  |
| weights    | option for rdrobust(): is the variable used for optional weighting of the esti-<br>mation procedure. The unit-specific weights multiply the kernel function.                              |
| masspoints | option for rdrobust(): checks and controls for repeated observations in tue running variable.   |
| bwcheck    | option for rdrobust(): if a positive integer is provided, the preliminary band-<br>width used in the calculations is enlarged so that at least bucheck unique obser-<br>vations are used. |
| bwrestrict | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, computed bandwidths are restricted to lie withing the range of x. Default is bwrestrict=TRUE.   |
| stdvars    | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, x and y are standardized before computing the bandwidths. Default is stdvars=TRUE.  |
|            |   |

## Value

| power.rbc | power against tau using robust bias corrected standard error        |
|-----------|---|
| se.rbc    | robust bias corrected standard error                                |
| sampsi.r  | number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff |
| sampsi.l  | number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff  |
| samph.r   | bandwidth to the right of the cutoff                                |
| samph.l   | bandwidth to the left of the cutoff                                 |
| alpha     | significance level used in power function                           |
|           |   |

| tau        | treatment effect under alternative hypothesis             |
|------------|---|
| bias.r     | bias to the right of the cutoff                           |
| bias.l     | bias to the left of the cutoff                            |
| Vr.rb      | Robust bias corrected variance to the right of the cutoff |
| Vl.rb      | Robust bias corrected variance to the left of the cutoff  |
| N.r        | Total sample size to the right of the cutoff              |
| N.1        | Total sample size to the left of the cutoff               |
| power.conv | power against tau using conventional inference            |
| se.conv    | conventional standard error                               |

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## References

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

## Examples

```
# Toy dataset
X <- array(rnorm(2000),dim=c(1000,2))
R <- X[,1] + X[,2] + rnorm(1000)
Y <- 1 + R -.5*R^2 + .3*R^3 + (R>=0) + rnorm(1000)
# Power against tau = 1
tmp <- rdpower(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1)
# Power against tau = 1 including covariates
tmp <- rdpower(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1,covs=X)</pre>
```

rdsampsi

Sample Size Calculations for RD Designs

## Description

rdsampsi() performs sample size calculations for RD designs.

## Usage

```
rdsampsi(
  data = NULL,
 cutoff = 0,
 tau = NULL,
 alpha = 0.05,
 beta = 0.8,
  samph = NULL,
  nsamples = NULL,
 all = FALSE,
 bias = NULL,
 variance = NULL,
  nratio = NULL,
  init.cond = NULL,
 plot = FALSE,
 graph.range = NULL,
 covs = NULL,
  covs\_drop = TRUE,
 deriv = 0,
 p = 1,
 q = NULL,
 h = NULL,
 b = NULL,
  rho = NULL,
  kernel = "triangular",
 bwselect = "mserd",
 vce = "nn",
  cluster = NULL,
  scalepar = 1,
  scaleregul = 1,
  fuzzy = NULL,
  level = 95,
 weights = NULL,
 masspoints = "adjust",
 bwcheck = NULL,
 bwrestrict = TRUE,
  stdvars = FALSE
```

## Arguments

)

| data   | a matrix (Y,R) containing the outcome variable and the running variable (as column vectors).  |
|--------|---|
| cutoff | the RD cutoff (default is 0).   |
| tau    | specifies the treatment effect under the alternative at which the power function<br>is evaluated. The default is half the standard deviation of the outcome for the<br>untreated group. |

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| alpha       | specifies the significance level for the power function. Default is 0.05.  |
|-------------|--|
| beta        | specifies the desired power. Default is 0.8.   |
| samph       | sets the bandwidths at each side of the cutoff for power calculation. The first<br>number is the bandwidth to the left of the cutoff and the second number is the<br>bandwidth to the right. Default values are the bandwidths used by rdrobust.   |
| nsamples    | sets the total sample size to the left, sample size to the left inside the bandwidth, total sample size to the right and sample size to the right of the cutoff inside the bandwidth to calculate the variance when the running variable is not specified. When not specified, the values are calculated using the running variable. |
| all         | displays the power using the conventional variance estimator, in addition to the robust bias corrected one.  |
| bias        | set bias to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the biases are estimated using rdrobust.   |
| variance    | set variance to the left and right of the cutoff. If not specified, the variances are estimated using rdrobust.  |
| nratio      | specifies the proportion of treated units in the window. Default is the ratio of the standard deviation of the treated to the sum of the standard deviations for treated and controls.   |
| init.cond   | sets the initial condition for the Newton-Raphson algorithm that finds the sample size. Default is the number of observations in the sample with non-missing values of the outcome and running variable.   |
| plot        | plots the power function using the conventional and robust bias corrected stan-<br>dard errors from rdrobust.  |
| graph.range | range of the plot.   |
| covs        | option for rdrobust(): specifies additional covariates to be used for estimation and inference.  |
| covs_drop   | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, it checks for collinear additional covariates and drops them. Default is TRUE.   |
| deriv       | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the derivative of the regression functions to be estimated.  |
| р           | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-<br>struct the point-estimator.   |
| q           | option for rdrobust(): specifies the order of the local-polynomial used to con-<br>struct the bias-correction.   |
| h           | option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the main bandwidth to be used<br>on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.  |
| b           | option for rdrobust(): specifies the values of the bias bandwidth \$b\$ to be used on the left and on the right of the cutoff, respectively.   |
| rho         | option for rdrobust(): specifies the value of rho so that the bias bandwidth b equals $b=h/rho$ .  |
| kernel      | option for rdrobust(): kernel function used to construct the local-polynomial estimators.  |

| bwselect   | option for rdrobust(): specifies the bandwidth selection procedure to be used.  |
|------------|---|
| vce        | option for rdrobust(): specifies the procedure used to compute the variance-<br>covariance matrix estimator.  |
| cluster    | option for rdrobust(): indicates the cluster ID variable used for the cluster-<br>robust variance estimation with degrees-of-freedom weights.   |
| scalepar   | option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for RD parameter of interest.   |
| scaleregul | option for rdrobust(): specifies scaling factor for the regularization terms of bandwidth selectors.  |
| fuzzy      | option for rdrobust(): specifies the treatment status variable used to implement fuzzy RD estimation.   |
| level      | option for rdrobust(): sets the confidence level for confidence intervals.  |
| weights    | option for rdrobust(): is the variable used for optional weighting of the esti-<br>mation procedure. The unit-specific weights multiply the kernel function.                              |
| masspoints | option for rdrobust(): checks and controls for repeated observations in tue running variable.   |
| bwcheck    | option for rdrobust(): if a positive integer is provided, the preliminary band-<br>width used in the calculations is enlarged so that at least bwcheck unique obser-<br>vations are used. |
| bwrestrict | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, computed bandwidths are restricted to lie withing the range of x. Default is bwrestrict=TRUE.   |
| stdvars    | option for rdrobust(): if TRUE, x and y are standardized before computing the bandwidths. Default is stdvars=TRUE.  |

## Value

| alpha           | significance level   |
|-----------------|--|
| beta            | desired power  |
| tau             | treatment effect under alternative hypothesis  |
| sampsi.h.tot    | total number of observations inside the window   |
| sampsi.h.r      | number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff                              |
| sampsi.h.l      | number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff                               |
| N.r             | Total sample size to the right of the cutoff   |
| N.1             | Total sample size to the left of the cutoff  |
| samph.r         | bandwidth to the right of the cutoff   |
| samph.l         | bandwidth to the left of the cutoff  |
| var.r           | Robust bias corrected variance to the right of the cutoff  |
| Var.l           | Robust bias corrected variance to the left of the cutoff   |
| sampsi.h.tot.cl |  |
|                 | implied total number of observations inside the window using conventional s.e.                   |
| sampsi.h.r.cl   | number of observations inside the window to the right of the cutoff using con-<br>ventional s.e. |
|                 |  |

| sampsi.h.l.cl | number of observations inside the window to the left of the cutoff using conven-<br>tional s.e. |
|---------------|---|
| no.iter       | number of iterations until convergence of the Newton-Raphson algorithm                          |
| init.cond     | initial condition of the Newton-Raphson algorithm   |

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## References

Cattaneo, M. D., R. Titiunik and G. Vazquez-Bare. (2019). Power Calculations for Regression Discontinuity Designs. *Stata Journal*, 19(1): 210-245.

## Examples

```
# Toy dataset
X <- array(rnorm(2000),dim=c(1000,2))
R <- X[,1] + X[,2] + rnorm(1000)
Y <- 1 + R -.5*R^2 + .3*R^3 + (R>=0) + rnorm(1000)
# Sample size to achieve power of 0.8 against tau = 1
tmp <- rdsampsi(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1)
# Sample size against tau = 1 including covariates
tmp <- rdsampsi(data=cbind(Y,R),tau=1,covs=X)</pre>
```

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